Amendments to the claims

Please amend the claims as follows.

1-158. (canceled)

159. (new) A method for treating a surface of a substrate having a dielectric material layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer overlying the dielectric layer; the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising a 2:1 (v/v) ratio of hydrofluoric acid and organic acid to provide a pH of about 2-5 and selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at an etch rate of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

160. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising hydrofluoric acid and organic acid in a ratio of 2:1 (v/v) to provide a pH of about 2-5, and selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at a rate greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute and an etch selectivity of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

161. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising hydrofluoric acid and organic acid in a ratio of 2:1 (v/v) to provide a pH of about 2-5, selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at a rate greater than about 2000 angstroms per minute, and an etch selectivity of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

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162. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising hydrofluoric acid and organic acid in a ratio of 2:1 (v/v) to provide a pH of about 2-5, and selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at a rate greater than about 2300-2700 angstroms per minute and an etch selectivity of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

163. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising hydrofluoric acid and organic acid in a ratio of 2:1 (v/v) to provide a pH of about 2-5, such that the dielectric layer is selectively removed at a rate greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute with minimal removal of the organic material layer.

164. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an about 2:1 (v/v) aqueous solution of an about 49% hydrofluoric acid and an about 50% organic acid to provide a pH of about 2-5, and selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at a rate greater than about 2300-2700 angstroms per minute and an etch selectivity of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

165. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic material layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

contacting the surface of the substrate with an aqueous solution comprising an about 63-70 % by volume of hydrofluoric acid and about 30-36 % by volume of organic acid to provide a pH of about 2-5, and selective removal of the dielectric material to the organic material at a rate

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greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute and an etch selectivity of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

166. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

preparing an aqueous solution by combining about 63-70 % by volume of an about 49% hydrofluoric acid and about 30-36 % by volume of an about 50% organic acid to provide a pH of about 2-5, and a removal rate of dielectric material of greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute and an etch selectivity of dielectric material to organic material of about 50:1 to about 1000:1 when the solution is applied thereto; and

applying the aqueous solution to the surface of the substrate wherein the dielectric layer is selectively removed at a rate greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute and at an etch selectivity of the dielectric layer to the organic layer of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

167. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

preparing an aqueous solution by combining about 63-70 % by volume of an about 49% hydrofluoric acid and about 30-36 % by volume of an about 50% organic acid to provide a pH of about 3-6;

applying the aqueous solution to the surface of the substrate wherein the dielectric layer is selectively removed at a rate greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute, and an etch selectivity of the dielectric layer to the organic layer of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

168. (new) A method for selective removal of a dielectric layer from a surface of a substrate having the dielectric layer disposed thereon and an organic layer disposed over the dielectric layer, the method comprising the steps of:

preparing an aqueous solution by combining about 63-70 % by volume of an about 49% hydrofluoric acid and about 30-36 % by volume of an about 50% organic acid,

adjusting the amount of organic acid in the solution to a pH of about 3-6 such that the removal rate of the dielectric layer is greater than about 1000 angstroms; and

applying the aqueous solution to the surface of the substrate wherein the dielectric layer is selectively removed at a rate greater than about 1000 angstroms per minute and at an etch selectivity of the dielectric layer to the organic layer of about 50:1 to about 1000:1.

- 169. (new) The method of Claim 168, wherein the amount of the organic acid is adjusted to provide a pH such that the removal rate of the dielectric layer to greater than about 2000 angstroms per minute.
- 170. (new) The method of Claim 168, wherein the organic material is removed at a rate of about 1 angstrom per minute.